

CORRECTION

Open Access



Correction: Efficacy of antihyperglycemic therapies on cardiovascular and heart failure outcomes: an updated meta-analysis and meta-regression analysis of 35 randomized cardiovascular outcome trials

Masashi Hasebe^{1†}, Satoshi Yoshiji^{1,2,3,4*†}, Yamato Keidai^{1,2†}, Hiroto Minamino², Takaaki Murakami², Daisuke Tanaka², Yoshihito Fujita², Norio Harada², Akihiro Hamasaki¹ and Nobuya Inagaki^{1,2*}

Correction: Cardiovascular Diabetology (2023) 22:62
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s12933-023-01773-z>

Following the publication of the original article [1], the authors identified errors in Fig. 2 introduced during the final production phase. Specifically, the sample size numbers in the rows for 'Look AHEAD', 'ADOPT', 'BARI2D', 'RECORD', 'TOSCA.IT', and 'Total' were garbled. The

results were not affected. The corrected Fig. 2 has been provided with this correction.

The original article has been updated.

Published online: 24 April 2023

[†]Masashi Hasebe, Satoshi Yoshiji and Yamato Keidai have contributed equally to this work as co-first authors

The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12933-023-01773-z>.

*Correspondence:

Satoshi Yoshiji
yoshijis@kuhp.kyoto-u.ac.jp
Nobuya Inagaki
inagaki@kuhp.kyoto-u.ac.jp

¹ Department of Diabetes and Endocrinology, Medical Research Institute KITANO HOSPITAL, PIIF Tazuke-Kofukai, Osaka, Japan

² Department of Diabetes, Endocrinology and Nutrition, Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine, 54 Kawahara-cho, Shogoin, Sakyo-ku, Kyoto 606-8507, Japan

³ Department of Human Genetics, McGill University, Montreal, QC, Canada

⁴ Kyoto-McGill International Collaborative Program in Genomic Medicine, Graduate School of Medicine, Kyoto University, Kyoto, Japan



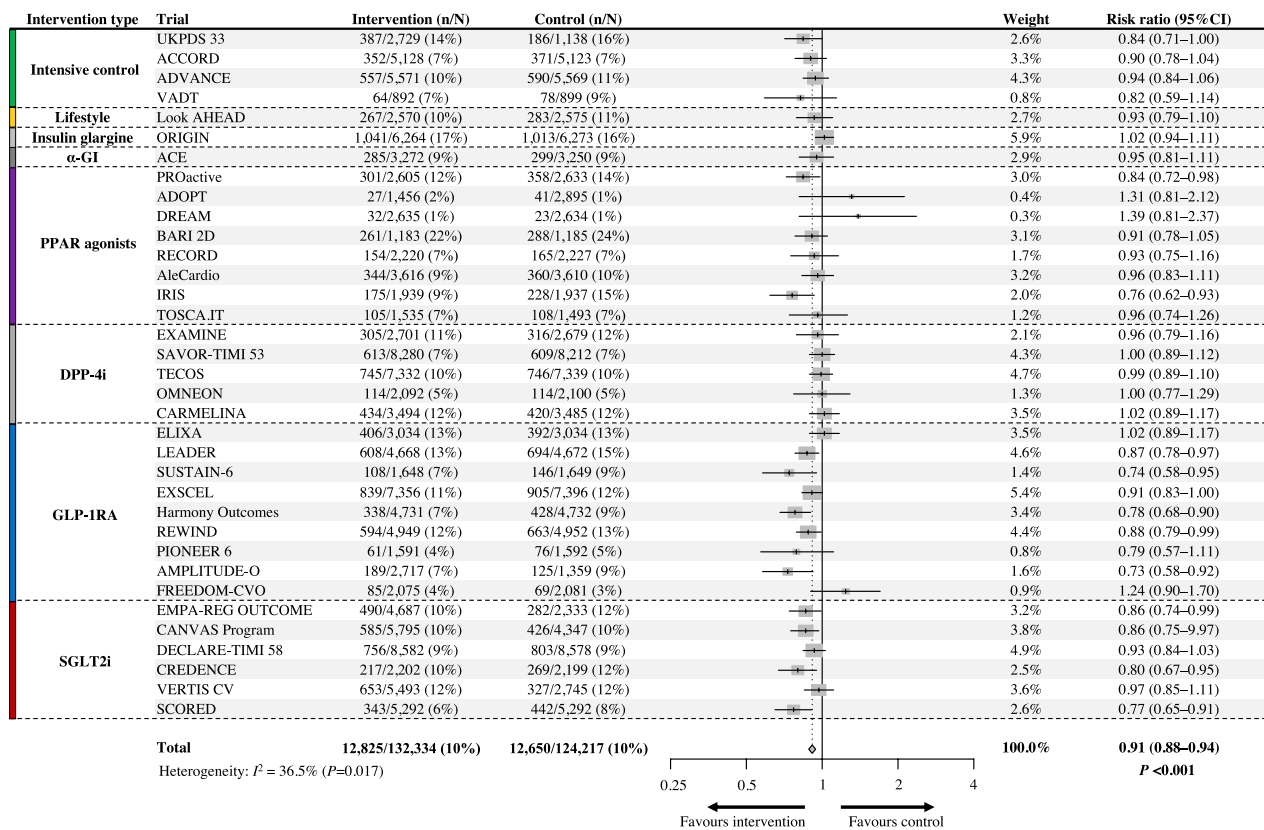


Fig. 2 Efficacy of antihyperglycemic drugs on the risk of major adverse cardiovascular events (MACE). UKPDS 33, ACCORD, ADVANCE, VADT: trials comparing an intensive glycaemic control strategy with standard care; Look AHEAD: a trial comparing intensive lifestyle intervention for weight loss with standard care; ORIGIN: a trial comparing insulin glargine with standard care; ACE: a trial comparing acarbose (α-glucosidase inhibitor [α-GI]) with placebo; PROactive, ADOPT, DREAM, BARI 2D, RECORD, AleCardio, IRIS, TOSCA.IT: trials comparing peroxisome proliferation-activated receptor (PPAR) agonists with placebo or active control drug; EXAMINE, SAVOR-TIMI 53, TECOS, OMNEON, CARMELINA: trials comparing dipeptidyl-peptidase-4 inhibitors (DPP-4i) with placebo; ELIXA, LEADER, SUSTAIN-6, EXSCEL, Harmony Outcomes, REWIND, PIONEER 6, AMPLITUDE-O, FREEDOM-CVO: trials comparing glucagon-like peptide-1 receptor agonists (GLP-1RA) with placebo; EMPAREG-OUTCOME, CANVAS-Program, DECLARE-TIMI 58, CREDENCE, VERTIS CV, SCORED: trials comparing sodium-glucose cotransporter-2 inhibitors (SGLT2i) with placebo

Reference

- Hasebe M, Yoshiji S, Keidai Y, Minamino H, Murakami T, Tanaka D, Fujita Y, Harada N, Hamasaki A, Inagaki N. Efficacy of antihyperglycemic therapies on cardiovascular and heart failure outcomes: an updated meta-analysis and meta-regression analysis of 35 randomized cardiovascular outcome trials. Cardiovasc Diabetol. 2023;22:62.

Publisher's Note

Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.